European Colonization & the End of Indigenous Empire

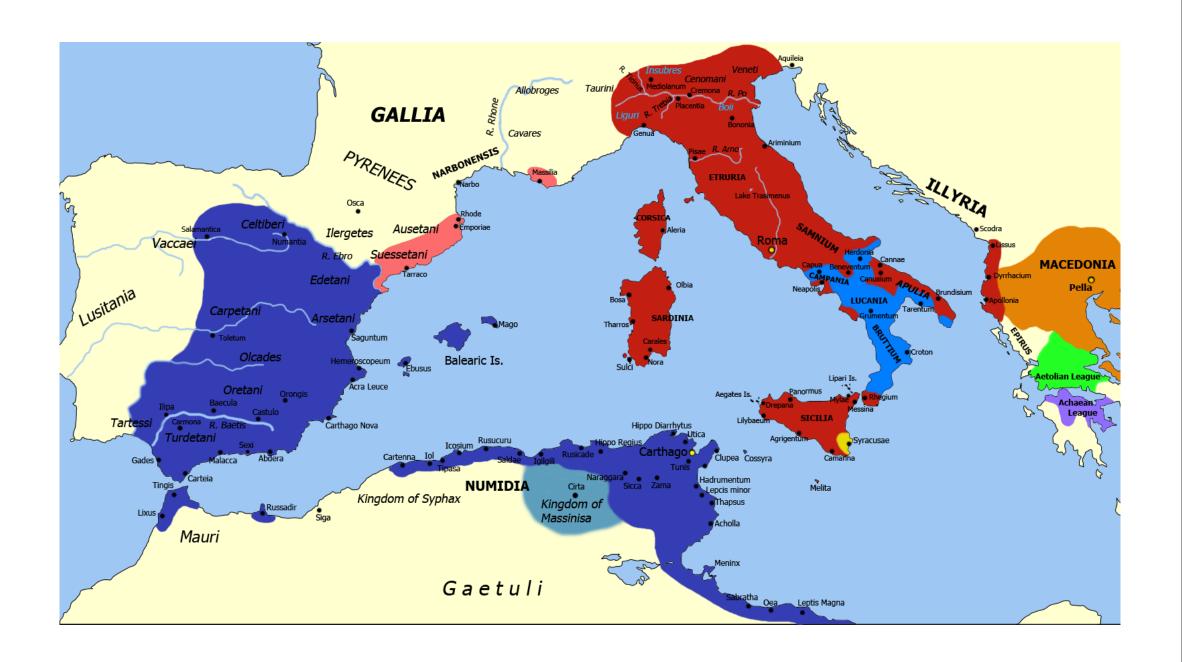




• Ca. 800-1100 BCE = Phoenician conquest ATLANTIC EUROPE **OCEAN** Black Sea CORSICA Rome ASIA SPAIN BALEARIC IS. SARDINIA ANATOLIA Caralis GREECE Gadir (Cádiz) Malaca (Málaga) Panormus (Palermo) **PHOENICIA** Lixus Tingis SICILY Hippo Regius Citiuma Hadrumetun CYPRUS Berytos Phoenicia Phoenician cities Mediterranean Sea Sabratha Oea Joppa Jerusalem Phoenician colonies Alexandria Other cities AFRICA Area of Phoenician Memphis' settlement **EGYPT** Phoenician trade route 200 A COMPTON'S MAP

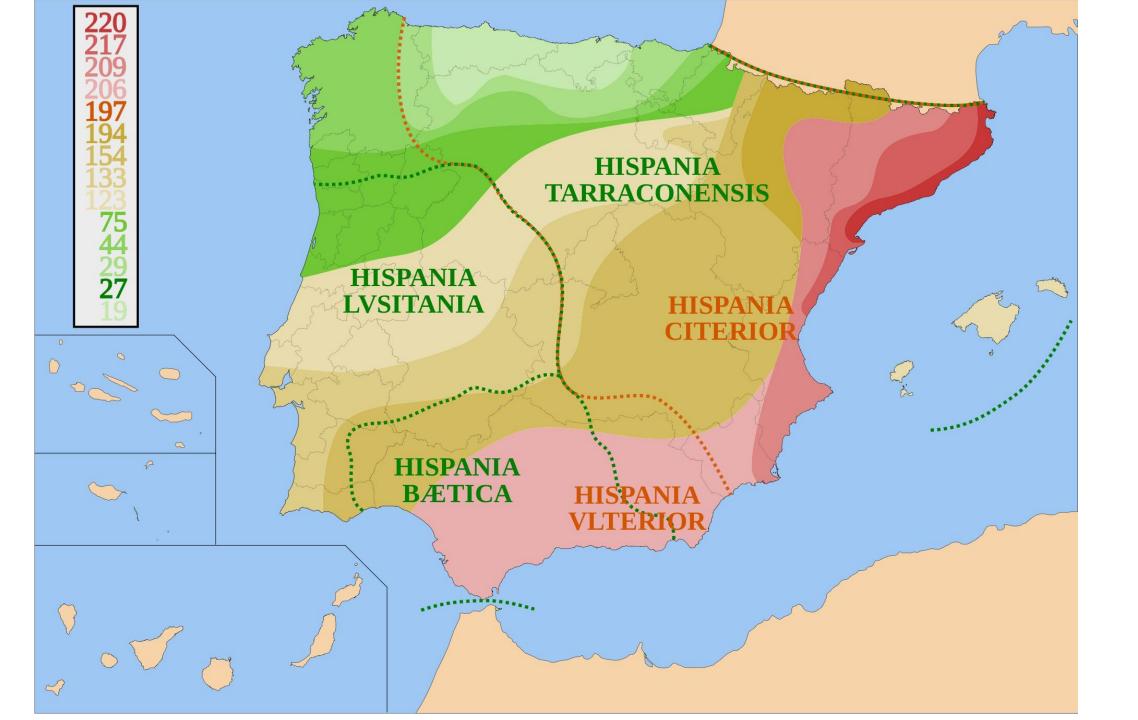
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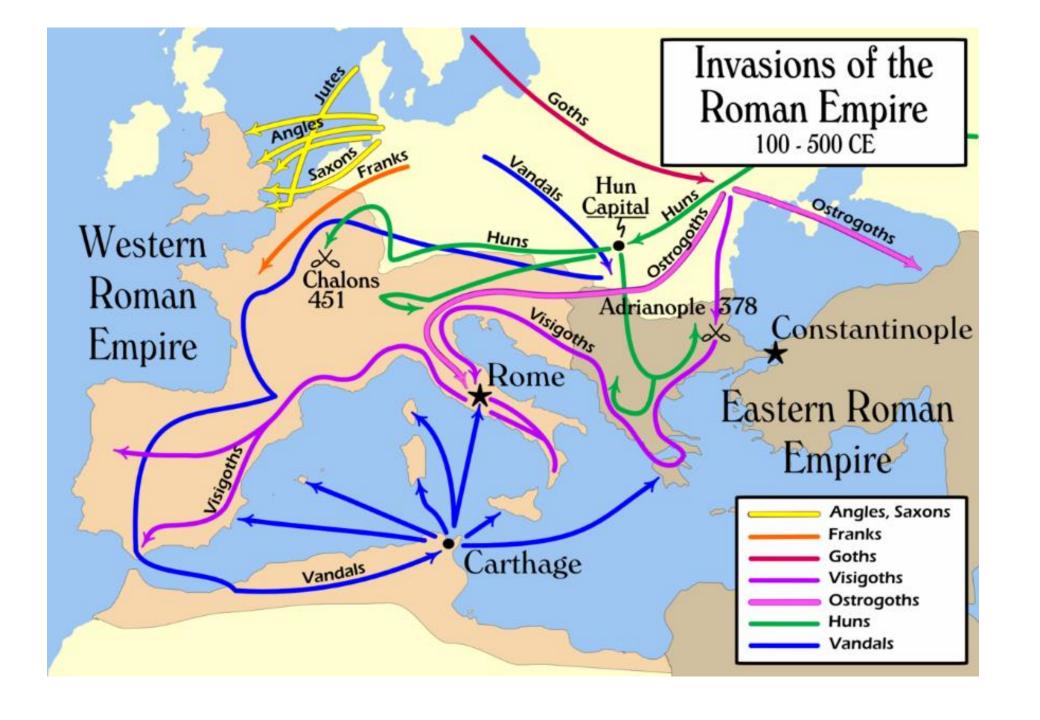




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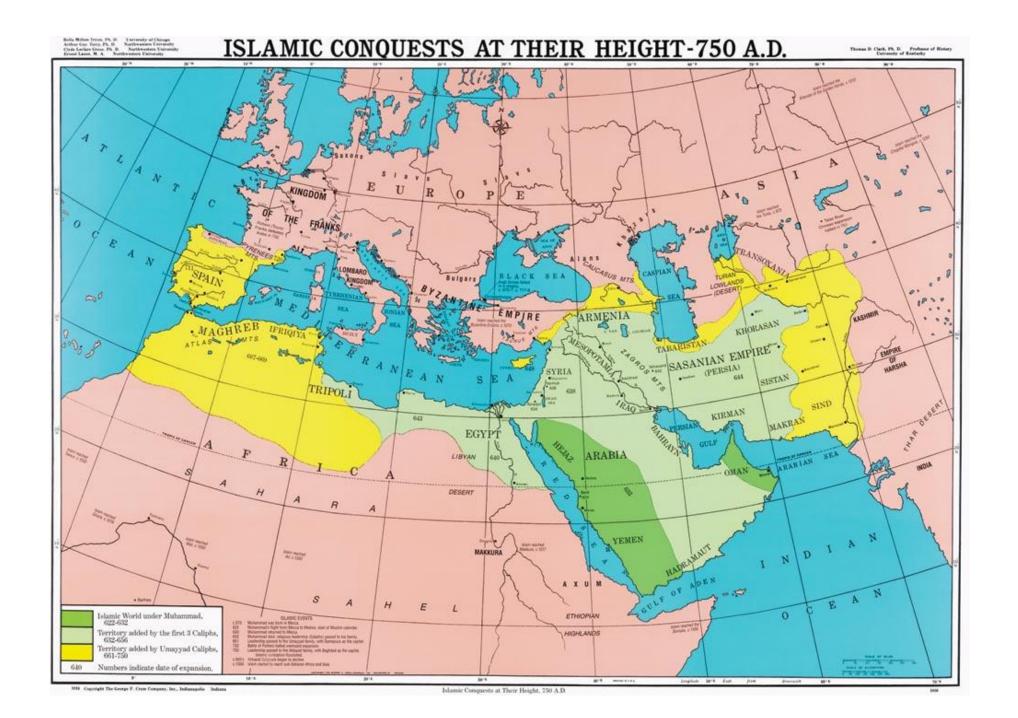


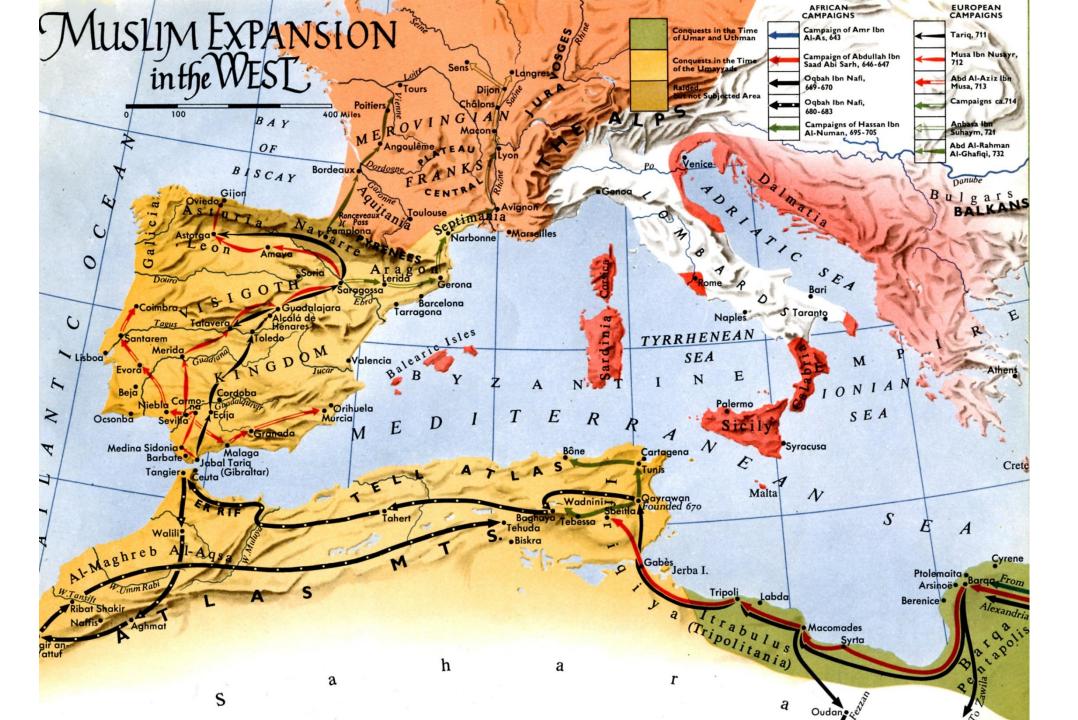


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 - Ascendance of German kings & Christianity
- 711 = Muslims invade Hispania









The Reconquista

- Christian kingdoms in Iberia
 - · Castile (founded 1065), León (910), Aragón (1035), Portugal (1139)
- 1031 = death of the last Umayyad caliph



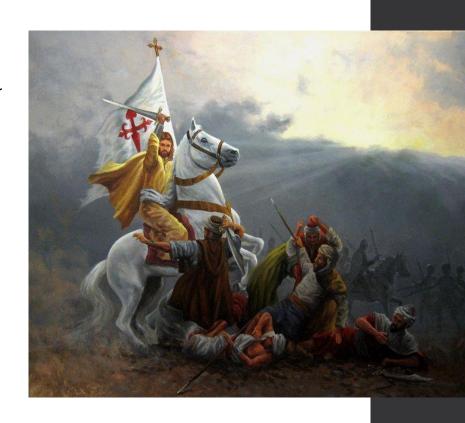
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- Effects of Reconquista
 - Christian knights rewarded with land
 - · Reinforced traditional gender roles
 - · Religion was used to justify conquest
 - Romantic obsession with Christian vs. Muslim violence



15th-century Spain

- Christian rivalries
 - 1385 = João I became King of independent Portugal
 - 1469 = marriage of Isabella (Castille/León) to Ferdinand (Aragón)
 - 1516 = unified Spain under Charles V
- Religious tolerance in Spain?
 - By 14th century, codified antisemitism
 - 1478 = "Catholic Kings" start <u>Inquisition</u>
 - 1492 = Jews must convert or flee
 - 1502 = Muslims must convert or flee
- Nobility & the "limpieza de sangre"
- Role of women



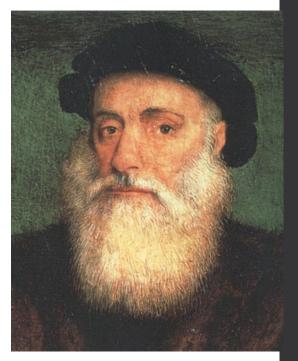


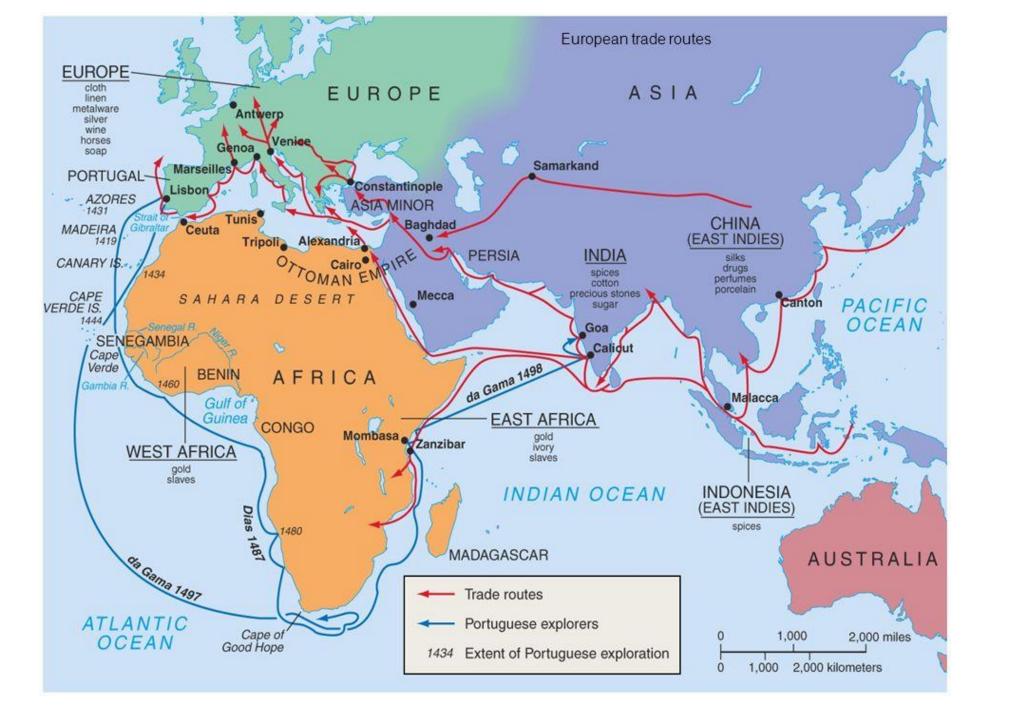


Early Exploration

- Most 15th century European trade is with Asia
- Portuguese Atlantic exploration
 - · Henry "the Navigator" and the African coastline
 - Azore and Canary Islands
 - 1498 = Vasco de Gama landed in India







Christopher Columbus



Christopher Columbus

- 1492 = Isabella employs Columbus to sail west
- 12 October 1492 = Columbus lands in Bahamas
- March 1493 = Columbus is back in Spain
 - Isabella gives him 17 ships, 1500 (mostly) men
- Race to colonize



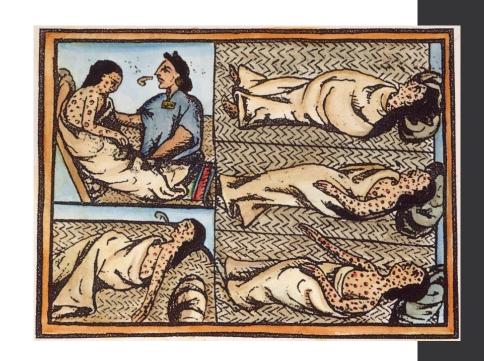
Iberians in the Caribbean

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 - · Columbus ousted as governor
- · Spanish expansion: Puerto Rico, Jamaica, Cuba
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- 1518 = first recorded smallpox outbreak
- Ferdinand establishes the "encomienda" system
 - Natives distributed to Spaniards, who should protect and Christianize them



The Portuguese in Brazil

- 1500 = Pedro Alvares Cabral lands in Brazil
- Initially, less heavy colonization
 - Red dye from brazilwood tree
- French competition leads to more colonization
 - 1520s = government-sponsored governors
 - Shift in relationship between Portuguese and Natives



Hernando Cortés & the Aztecs

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- 1519 = Cortés meets Aztecs
 - 19 November = Moctezuma & Cortés meet



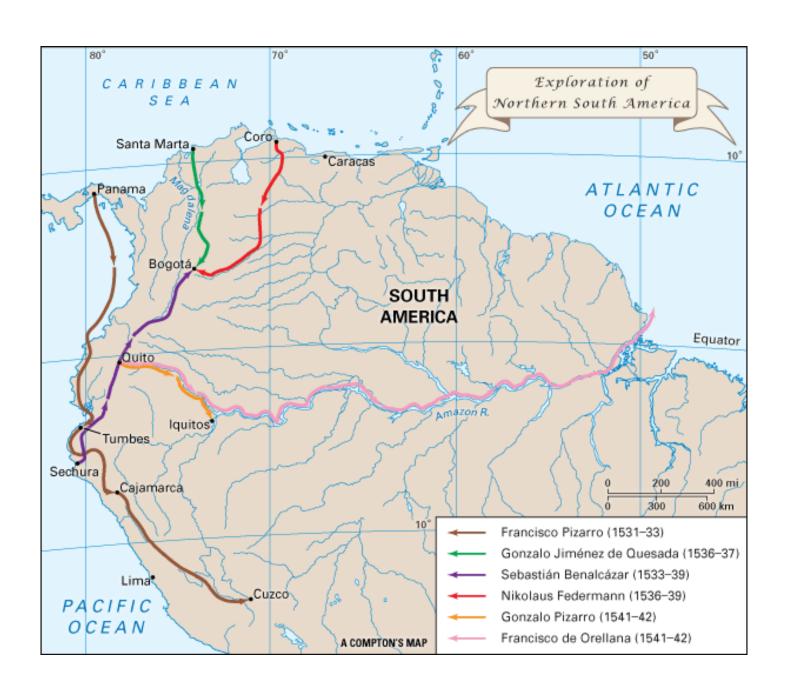
- · Aztecs revolt, Moctezuma is killed, Spanish flee
- May 1521 = Spaniards & Tlaxcalans attack Aztecs
 - August 1521 = Spanish victory
- "Otro Mexico"?
 - 1539 = Francisco Vázquez de Coronado encounters Pueblo people



Francisco Pizarro & the Inca

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Francisco Pizarro & the Inca

- Ca. 1523 = rumors of kingdom south of Panama
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- 16 November 1532 = Pizarro and Atahualpa meet
 - Rough first encounter
 - July 1533 = Atahualpa is executed
- Emperor Manco Inca installed in Cuzco by Pizarro
 - 1536 = leads a revolt against the Spanish; forced to retreat
- 1537 = Diego de Almagro leads a revolt against Pizarro
 - 10-year civil war; Almagro and Pizarro both die
- 1548 = Pizarro brother defeated; political stability

